

55835 and 55836. AMYGDALUS PERSICA L. Amygdalaceæ.*(Prunus persica Stokes.)***Peach.**

From the Plant Introduction Garden, Chico, Calif. Seedling trees numbered October, 1922, for convenience in distribution. Quoted notes by J. E. Morrow.

A shipment of seeds of the peach variety *Tardio Amarillo* was received from southern Spain in November, 1916, and given S. P. I. No. 43570. As is well known, peach varieties do not come true to seed, and the two trees described below are promising seedlings from this shipment.

55835. "Tree No. 6, Test Nursery. Fruits $2\frac{1}{2}$ by $2\frac{1}{4}$ inches; average weight 4 ounces; color golden with a faint-red blush; basin deep and narrow, slight depression at suture; flesh yellow; pit yellow. Season September 5 to September 15, later than last year. This is a good canning clingstone peach and a heavy bearer."

55836. "Tree No. 8, Test Nursery. Fruits 2 by $2\frac{3}{8}$ inches; average weight 4 ounces; basin deep, narrow; suture only a thin line; flesh deep yellow; pit small, yellow; flesh of good texture and flavor. This peach should be propagated for canning purposes. It is of smaller size than last season and later in ripening."

55837. PHELEUM PRATENSE L. Poaceæ.**Timothy.**

From Kelburn, Wellington, New Zealand. Presented by E. Bruce Levy, biology section, Department of Agriculture, New Zealand. Received October 16, 1922.

"This seed, secured directly from the grower, represents a strain of timothy which has been grown in one district for 22 years." (*Lery*.)

Locally grown seed introduced for department specialists engaged in timothy-breeding investigations.

55838. TRIFOLIUM PRATENSE L. Fabaceæ.**Red clover.**

From Glavica, Dalmatia, Yugoslavia. Presented by the Knin Agricultural School, Glavica. Received October 14, 1922.

Seeds consisting of a mixture of "North" and "Composite" varieties, harvested in 1921 in Zetva, and obtained from a seed firm in Laibach, Slovenia, Yugoslavia.

Locally grown red-clover seed introduced for cultural and comparison tests.

55839. MANGIFERA INDICA L. Anacardiaceæ.**Mango.**

From Honolulu, Hawaii. Plant presented by Gerrit P. Wilder, through Willis T. Pope, horticulturist, Hawaii Agricultural Experiment Station. Received October 18, 1922.

"*Wootton*. The original was produced from seed of the mango known as No. 7, originally from Jamaica, and is growing on the property of J. L. Horner, Makiki St., Honolulu.

"A formal description of the fruit is as follows: In size it is medium to large; shape roundish; slightly flattened on the sides, no apex point evident; weight about 10 ounces; color when ripe a shade between orange-yellow and yellow-orange, with tinges of pink and red at the stem end and pale-yellow dots all over the surface; skin medium thin, tough, peeling qualities fair, very pleasing fragrance; flesh rich apricot yellow, very good texture; flavor excellent, juicy, sweet-acid; seed medium to small for size of fruit.

"An important characteristic of this variety is that while still solid it has a very beautiful color as if ripe, making it a very desirable marketing form. It is one of the very best of this seedling class of mangos. In moderate temperatures it will remain in good condition as ripe fruit for two weeks." (*Wilder*.)